4 SEM TDC GGR M 3

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(May)

GEOGRAPHY

(Major)

Course : 403

(Economic Geography)

Full Marks : 48

Pass Marks : 19/14

Time : 2 hours

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks
for the questions*

1. Answer the following as directed :   1×5=5

   (a) Which region is often called the 'Ruhr of India'?

      (i) Bombay—Ahmedabad

      (ii) Calcutta—Asansol

      (iii) Delhi—Mathura

      (iv) Chota Nagpur

         (Choose the correct answer)

(Turn Over)

(b) Who put forwarded the theory of profit maximization?

    (i) August Losch

    (ii) Alfred Weber

    (iii) D. M. Smith

        (Choose the correct answer)

(c) ____ is the largest wheat-producing country in the world.

        (Fill in the blank)

(d) Name the canal which connects the Atlantic and the Pacific Oceans.

(e) Name the busiest ocean trade route of the world.

2. Answer the following (**within 150 words each**) :   4×3=12

(a) Write a brief account of the cotton textile industry of India.

(b) Describe the scope of agricultural geography.

(c) "Trade is an index of economic development." Discuss the statement with examples.

Answer the following questions (**within 400 words** each) :

UNIT—I

(Industrial Geography)

3. Give an account of the distribution of chemical industries in the world.   11

Or

Discuss the problems and prospects of tourism industry in India.   6+5=11

UNIT—II

(Agricultural Geography)

4. Define agriculture. Examine the physical and socio-economic factors which affect agriculture.   2+8=10

Or

What is agricultural region? Describe Whittlesey's classification of agricultural regions of the world.   2+8=10

UNIT—III

(**Transport Geography**)

5. Proper utilization of resources of a country depends mainly on its network of transportation. Explain with illustrations.   10

Or

What are the different means of transport? Discuss their relative advantages and disadvantages.   3+7=10

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