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4 SEM TDC GGR M 3

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(May)

GEOGRAPHY

(Major)

Course : 403

(Economic Geography)

(Part—II)

Full Marks : 48
Pass Marks : 19

Time : 2 hours

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks
for the questions*

1. Answer the following questions as directed :

   1×5=5

   (a) Name the country of which industries depend upon imported raw materials.

   (b) Iron and steel industry is a good example of ferrous industry.

   (State True or False)

   (c) Which country is known as the rice bowl of South-East Asia?

(d) How many zones of agricultural intensity did von Thünen identified around a large market centre?

(i) Three   (ii) Four

(iii) Five   (iv) Six

(Choose the correct answer)

(e) Name the canal which connects the two oceans, the Atlantic and the Pacific.

2. Answer the following questions (**within 150 words** each) :   4×3=12

(a) Write on iron and steel industry of India.

(b) Write a brief note on the scope of agricultural geography.

(c) Why are means of transport and communication today called 'lifeline of an economy'?

Answer the following questions (**within 500 words** each) :

UNIT—I

(**Industrial Geography**)

3. Who propounded the least cost theory of industrial location? Discuss the Weber theory of industrial location.   1+10=11

     (Continued)

Or

Explain the concept of tourism. Give an account of the problems and prospects of tourism industry of India.   1+5+5=11

Unit—II

(Agricultural Geography)

4. Discuss the role of agriculture in the economy of a country. What are the geographical factors affecting agriculture?

7+3=10

Or

What is agricultural region? Examine the Wittessey's classification of agricultural regions of the world.   1+9=10

Unit—III

(Transport Geography)

5. Give a comparative analysis of different modes of transport.   10

Or

What is the concept of transport network? Describe the network analysis in transport geography.   3+7=10

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