

Total No. of Printed Pages—3

2 SEM TDC BOTH (CBCS) C 4

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(May)

BOTANY

(Core)

Paper : C-4

(**Archegoniate**)

Full Marks : 53

Pass Marks : 21

Time : 3 hours

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks
for the questions*

1. Choose the correct option of the following :

1×5=5

- (a) The true elaters are found in *Riccia/Marchantia/Anthoceros*.
- (b) The Pteridophytes differ from Bryophytes for presence of vascular tissue/motile spores/alternation of generation.
- (c) Coralloid root is found in *Cycas/Pinus/Ginkgo*.

(2)

- (d) Reticulate venation is found in the leaves of *Cycas*/*Ginkgo*/*Gnetum*.
- (e) Bisporangiate cones are found in fossil plant *Rhynia*/*Cycadeoidea*/*Sphenophyllum*.

2. Write short notes on any *three* of the following : 4×3=12

- (a) Homospory and heterospory
- (b) Sporophyte of a *Polytrichum*
- (c) Spore-producing organs of *Marsilea*
- (d) Economic importance of gymnosperms

3. What is alternation of generation? Describe alternation of generation with the help of life cycle of *Anthoceros*. 2+10=12

Or

Describe any *two* of the following : 6×2=12

- (a) Sporophyte of *Sphagnum*
- (b) Antheridiophore of *Marchantia*
- (c) Ecological importance of bryophytes

4. What is telome theory? Describe the elementary process of organogenesis in telome theory. 2+10=12

(3)

Or

Compare the following : 6×2=12

- (a) Strobilus of *Selaginella* and *Equisetum*
 - (b) Apospory and apogamy in pteridophytes
5. Write short notes on any *three* of the following : 4×3=12
- (a) Xerophytic characters of gymnosperms
 - (b) Male cone of *Pinus*
 - (c) Angiospermic characters of *Gnetum*
 - (d) 'Ginkgo is a living fossil'
 - (e) Theories of fossilization

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