6 SEM TDC PHYH (CBCS) C 13

2025

(May)

PHYSICS

(Core)

Paper: C-13

(Electromagnetic Theory)

Full Marks: 53
Pass Marks: 21

Time: 3 hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

- 1. Choose the correct option of any five of the following:

 1×5=5
 - (a) Maxwell's equations give the relations between
 - (i) different sources
 - (ii) different boundary conditions
 - (iii) different fields
 - (iv) None of the above

- (b) Poynting vector represents
 - (i) the rate of flux change per unit area
 - (ii) the rate of energy transfer per unit area
 - (iii) electric field per unit area
 - (iv) magnetic field per unit area
- (c) For good conductor, skin depth
 - (i) increases with increasing frequency
 - (ii) decreases with increasing frequency
- (iii) is independent of frequency
 - (iv) None of the above
- (d) Brewstar angle is the angle when a wave is incident on the surface of a perfect dielectric at which there is no reflected wave and the incident wave is
 - (i) parallelly polarized
 - (ii) perpendicularly polarized
 - (iii) normally polarized
 - (iv) None of the above

- (e) The magnitudes of E_x and E_y components are same in which type of polarization?
 - (i) Linear
 - (ii) Circular
 - (iii) Elliptical
 - (iv) Perpendicular
- (f) The dominant TE mode in rectangular waveguide is
 - (i) TE₀₁ works
 - (ii) TE₀₀
 - (iii) TE₁₀
 - (iv) TE₁₁
- 2. Answer any five of the following questions: $2\times5=10$
 - (a) Write down the Maxwell's field equations in linear isotropic media.
 - (b) State the physical concept of electromagnetic field energy density.
 - (c) What is 'relaxation time'?
 - (d) Explain the significance of $\nabla \cdot \vec{B} = 0$.

8. Draw the structure of an optical fibre with different parts and state the role of each part. What is the principle involved in its working?

2+1=3

Or

Describe with relevant sketches the different types of fibres. Also compare them.
