5 SEM TDC ZOO M 5

2019

(November)

ZOOLOGY

(Major)

Course: 505

(Environmental Biology and Wildlife)

Full Marks: 48
Pass Marks: 19/14

Time: 2 hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

1. Fill in the blanks:

 $1 \times 5 = 5$

- (a) Each step of food chain is known as
- (b) Methane and nitrous oxide are two important ____ gases.
- (c) Zoos and botanical gardens are the means for ____ conservation.

- (d) Eutrophication causes reduction in _____.
- (e) The community at the final stage of ecological succession is known as ____ community.
- 2. Distinguish between any two of the following: 4×2=8
 - (a) 'r' and 'k' strategies
 - (b) Carbon cycle and Nitrogen cycle
 - (c) Natality and Mortality
- **3.** Write short notes on any *two* of the following: $5\times 2=10$
 - (a) Lotka-Volterra model
 - (b) Ecological backlash
 - (c) Non-renewable resources of North-East India
- 4. Define food chain and food web. Explain why the sun is considered the only source of energy of ecosystems. (2+2)+4=8

Or

Define biome and ecotone. Give a brief account of the major biomes of the world.

(2+2)+4=8

5. What is meant by productivity of an ecosystem? Write brief notes on primary, secondary and net productivity. 2+6=8

Or

What is predation? Discuss the importance of predator-prey relationship in maintaining balance in a particular niche. 2+6=8

6. What is biodiversity hot spot? Mention the criteria used for determining biodiversity hot spot. Name the biodiversity hot spot regions of India.

3+4+2=9

Or

Write short notes on the following: 3×3=9

- (a) Golden langur
- (b) Conservation of rhinoceros in Assam
- (c) National parks of North-East India
