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1 SEM TDC GGR M 1

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(November)

GEOGRAPHY

(Major)

Course : 101

(Introduction to Geography)

Full Marks : 80

Pass Marks : 32 (Backlog) / 24 (2014 onwards)

Time : 3 hours

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks
for the questions*

1. Answer the following as directed : 1×8=8

(a) Who first coined the term 'geography'?

(b) "Geography is the study of spatial location and distribution of various phenomena on the surface of the earth."

(Write True or False)

(c) What does 'dichotomy' mean?

- (d) Who had introduced the astronomical instrument 'Gnomon'?
- (e) Who was the author of the book, *Principles of Geomorphology*?
- (f) Which period is known as the age of 'Dinosaurs'?
- (g) Who was the propounder of the concept of 'determinism'?
- (h) "Landscape is a function of structure, process and stage." Who said this?

2. Give short answers to the following questions (within 150 words each) :

4×4=16

- (a) State briefly the nature of geography.
- (b) What do you mean by possibilism in geography? Explain.
- (c) Give a brief description of the contributions of the Greek scholars in developing the subject geography.
- (d) Write a brief note on recent trends in geomorphology.

(3)

Each of the following questions is to be answered
(within 450 words) :

UNIT—I

(Introduction)

3. Describe the place of geography in the classification of sciences. 13

Or

Define geography. Discuss the objectives of geography. 4+9=13

UNIT—II

(Geography—Major Themes and Subthemes)

4. Describe elaborately the subject geography as the study of environment. 15

Or

What is meant by 'dualism' in geography? Explain clearly about systematic versus regional geography. 4+11=15

UNIT—III

(Perspective in Geography)

5. Describe briefly the development of geography in classical period. 13

(4)

Or

Describe briefly the development of geography in medieval period.

UNIT—IV

(Introduction to Geomorphology)

6. Explain any two basic concepts in geomorphology. 7½+7½=15

Or

Give a concise account of the geological time-scale. 15
