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1 SEM TDC SOC M 1

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(November)

SOCIOLOGY

(Major)

Course : 101

(Principles of Sociology)

Full Marks : 80

Pass Marks : 32 (Backlog) / 24 (2014 onwards)

Time : 3 hours

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks
for the questions*

1. Choose the correct answer from the following : 1×8=8
- (a) In which year, Auguste Comte renamed his 'social physics' as sociology?
- (i) 1818
- (ii) 1857
- (iii) 1839
- (iv) 1914

(b) Which of the following is not a correct match?

- (i) A. Comte : Social statics
- (ii) M. N. Srinivas : Sanskritization
- (iii) Herbert Spencer : Modernization
- (iv) Max Weber : Social action

(c) A sociologist tries to

- (i) provide a way to understand human social life by using scientific techniques
- (ii) formulate policies
- (iii) establish universal laws of human behaviour
- (iv) None of the above

(d) Which of the following is not one of the criticisms cited against sociology having its own subject matter?

- (i) It is merely a mixture of varied disciplines having social content
- (ii) The subject matter of sociology is disintegrated
- (iii) The subject matter of sociology is a part of society
- (iv) The subject matter of sociology has been derived from so many social sciences

(e) Who called society a 'mind writ large'?

(i) Wagner

(ii) Hegel

(iii) Plato

(iv) Wundt

(f) Match the following :

	I	II
(A)	Karta	1. Descent through male line
(B)	Patriarchal family	2. Marriage inside caste
(C)	Caste endogamy	3. Male is the head authority
(D)	Patrilineal family	4. Head of joint family

Code :

	A	B	C	D
(i)	4	3	2	1
(ii)	1	3	2	4
(iii)	3	4	1	2
(iv)	3	4	2	1

(g) Adulthood is an example of

- (i) ascribed status
- (ii) achieved status
- (iii) horizontal mobility
- (iv) None of the above

(h) An 'in-group' is

- (i) an 'out-group' for any other 'in-group'
- (ii) an 'in-group' for all other 'in-groups'
- (iii) an 'in-group' for same 'in-group' and a 'out-group' for others
- (iv) a social group that can adapt itself to the requirements of other groups

2. Answer any *four* questions of the following (**within 150 words each**) :

4×4=16

(a) Define *two* basic concepts from the following :

(i) Role-set

(ii) Role behaviour

(iii) Social values

(b) Write brief notes on 'status inconsistency' and 'status crystallization'.

(c) Make distinction in between 'inequality' and 'differences' in brief.

(d) What is reference group? Give one example.

(e) Give two most significant definitions of social group given by the sociologists.

(f) What is the sociological significance of social process? Discuss in brief.

3. Answer any *four* questions of the following (**within 500 words** each) :

14×4=56

- (a) Write a critical essay on the development of sociology in India. 14
- (b) What do you know about the process of conflict? Explain its definitions and characteristics. 4+5+5=14
- (c) What are the different elements of social stratification? Write in detail with examples. 14
- (d) What is primary group? Explain the importance of primary groups in modern times. 4+10=14
- (e) Define social mobility. Is there any sociological significance of social mobility in creation of conformity among individuals in a human society? Justify your opinion from own understanding. 4+10=14

(f) Make a critical review on any one of the books from the following : 14

(i) *What is Sociology?*
—written by Alex Inkeles

(ii) *Sociology : A Systematic Introduction*
—written by H. M. Johnson
