6 SEM TDC MTH M 2

2017

(May)

MATHEMATICS

(Major)

' Course : 602

(Discrete Mathematics and Graph Theory)

Full Marks: 80
Pass Marks: 32/24

Time: 3 hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

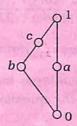
(A) DISCRETE MATHEMATICS

(Marks: 45)

1. Answer the following questions: $1 \times 5=5$

(a) What do you mean by characteristic equation of a linear homogeneous recurrence relation?

- (b) Show that $a \cdot b' = 0$ iff $a \cdot b = a$, where for all $a, b \in B$, B being any Boolean algebra.
- (c) (D_{12}, I) is a lattice, where D_{30} is the set of divisors of 12. Find all sublattices of it.
- (d) Define complete lattice and give example.
- (e) Find all the minterms of x_1 , x_2 , x_3 .
- **2.** Answer the following questions: 2×3=6
 - (a) Write down the complements of each element of the following lattice:



- (b) Let A, B are any two Boolean algebras. If $f: A \to B$ be a Boolean algebra homomorphism, then show that (i) $f(a \lor b) = f(a) + f(b)$ and (ii) f(a') = f(a).
- (c) Let $A = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 8, 9, 12, 18, 24\}$ be ordered by the relation 'x divides y'. Find the Hasse diagram.

3. Answer any two of the following questions:

3×2=6

(a) Find the generating function of the numeric function

$$a_r = 2r + 3$$
, $r = 0, 1, 2, \cdots$

- (b) Show that every chain (L, \leq) is a distributive lattice.
- (c) Show that dual of a complete lattice is complete.
- 4. Answer any two of the following questions:

5×2=10

- (a) Show that D_{30} is a finite Boolean algebra under partial order of divisibility.
- (b) Prove that the complete disjunctive normal form (DNF) of a Boolean function in three variables x, y and z is reducible to identically 1.
- (c) Define maxterm of n variables x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n . Find the product of sums canonical form of $\overline{[(x_1 + x_2)(\overline{x_3}x_4)]}$ in terms of m-notation.
- (d) Simplify
- $f(a, b, c, d) = \sum m (0, 1, 4, 5, 6, 8, 9, 12, 13, 14)$ using Karnaugh map.

Or

For the equation $z = xy + \overline{w}y$, construct a gate structure and minimize it.

- **5.** Answer any *three* of the following questions: $6 \times 3 = 18$
 - (a) Find the total solution of the recurrence relation

$$a_n - 5a_{n-1} + 6a_{n-2} = 2^n + 3n$$

- (b) Find the number of quaternary sequences {0, 1, 2, 3} of length n having an even number of 0's with the help of generating functions.
- (c) Define Boolean function. Draw a bridge circuit for the Boolean function

$$f = xw' + y'uv + (xz + y')(zw' + uv)$$

- (d) Define Boolean algebra as an algebraic system. Show that $(P(X), \cup, \cap, ', \phi, X)$ is a Boolean algebra, where P(X) is the power set of any non-empty set X.
- (e) What do you mean by a decoder? Explain it with a diagram.

Or

Implement $F = (a, b, c) = \Sigma(0, 3, 6, 7)$ with a multiplexer.

(B) GRAPH THEORY

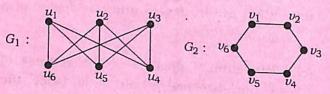
(Marks : 35)

- **6.** Answer the following questions: 1×3=3
 - (a) Define pseudograph with example.
 - (b) What are in-degree and out-degree of a graph? Explain.
 - (c) The sum of degrees of the vertices of a non-directed graph G is twice the number of edges in G. Prove it.
- **7.** Answer the following questions: $2 \times 2 = 4$
 - (a) Represent the graph G = (V, E) such that

$$G = \{(1, 2, 3, 4), (x, 4) : |x-4| \le 1\}$$

- (b) A non-directed graph G has 8 edges. Find the number of vertices, if the degree of each vertex is 2.
- **8.** Answer any *two* of the following questions: $5\times2=10$
 - (a) What are cycles in graph? Show that cycle C_6 is a bipartite graph.

- (b) Prove that a simple graph with n vertices and k components can have at most $\frac{(n-k)(n-k+1)}{2}$ edges.
- (c) Show that the graphs G_1 and G_2 are isomorphic:

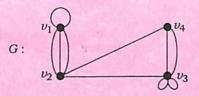


9. Answer any three of the following questions:

6×3=18

- (a) Let G be single connected graph with $n \ge 3$ vertices. If $\deg(v) + \deg(w) \ge n$, show that G is Hamiltonian, where the vertices v and w are not connected by an edge.
- (b) Give an example of a graph which is Hamiltonian but not Eulerian and vice versa. Explain it.
- (c) Prove that the intersection of two paths in a graph G is disconnected, then their union has at least one circuit.

(d) Illustrate matrix representation of a graph. Find the adjacency matrix of the following graph G:



(e) What do you mean by linked representation of a graph G? Find out the adjacency list of the following graph G:

