Box - Geo + Math + 700 + CoM+ Phy +Stali

Total No Printed Pages—3

2 SEM TDC BOT M 1



Course: 201

(Plant Pathology and Bryophytes)

Full Marks: 48
Pass Marks: 19

Time: 2 hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

1. Answer as directed :

 $1 \times 4 = 4$

- (a) The invasion of the host tissue by the living microorganism is called ——.

 (Fill up the blank)
- (b) Write the name of the causal organism of the disease 'Grey blight of tea'.
- (c) The structure which is developed as a result of enlargement of the basal portion of the archegonium of

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(Turn Over)

19 +Mal + Day + HA LA S

Bryophyta to form a protective envelope for young embryo is called calyptra/ perigynium/integument/rostrum.

(Choose the correct option)

(d) In Sphagnum, the sex organs are borne on special short branches near the apex of the gametophyte.

(Express in one word)

- 2. Write short notes on the following: $2\frac{1}{2} \times 4 = 10$
 - (a) Localised and systemic infections with one example of each type
 - (b) Post-harvest management
 - (c) Rhizoids of bryophytes
 - (d) Columella of moss and its function
- 3. Answer either (a) and (b) or (c) and (d) of the following:
 - (a) Name various enzymes responsible for degradation of cellular components of the host and discuss their roles in pathogenesis. 2+3=5
 - (b) Give an account of the capsular structure of *Marchantia* and comment on its mode of spore dispersal. 3+2=5

- (c) What do you mean by disease management? Write briefly various regulatory methods of plant disease management. 1+4=5
- (d) Write explanatory notes on the following: $2\frac{1}{2}+2\frac{1}{2}=5$
 - (i) Economic importance of Polytrichum
 - (ii) Ecological significance of Sphagnum
- **4.** Mention the symptoms, name of the causal organism, disease cycle and control measures of the following diseases (any two): $(1+1+2+2)\times 2=12$
 - (a) Late blight of potato
 - (b) Loose smut of wheat
 - (c) Red rot of sugarcane
 - (d) Citrus canker
- Describe briefly the progressive evolution of the sporophytes of bryophytes that you have studied. Give diagram.

Or

Describe with sketches the life history of *Anthoceros* and indicate its evolutionary significance. 3+7+2=12

